

SP AusNet

DETAILED CAPITAL GAINS TAX EXAMPLE

Assumptions

On 9 February 2006, John acquired 4,000 SP AusNet stapled securities for \$1.25 per stapled security totalling \$5,000. For simplicity, John did not incur any incidental acquisition costs. As SP AusNet is a triple stapled security, John acquired the following securities:

- 4,000 shares in SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd. ("SPAND")
- 4,000 shares in SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd. ("SPANT")
- 4,000 units in SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("SPANFT")

John has received returns of capital from SPANFT, totalling \$0.05829 per SPANFT unit, since 9 February 2006.

John disposes of his 4,000 SP AusNet stapled securities on 8 March 2007 for \$1.40 per security and receives total capital proceeds of \$5,600.

John does not have any available capital losses.

Step 1: Apportionment of cost base

Using the apportionment percentages contained in the NTA table above, the cost base of each of John's securities would be:

- **\$10** = $(\$1.25 \times 0.2\% = \$0.0025) \times 4,000$ SPAND shares acquired
- **\$0** = $(\$1.25 \times 0.0\% = \$0.0) \times 4,000$ SPANT shares acquired
- **\$4,990** = $(\$1.25 \times 99.8\% = \$1.2475) \times 4,000$ SPANFT units acquired

Step 2: Cost base

Having received returns of capital totalling \$0.05829 per SPANFT unit since 9 February 2006, John's cost base in each SPANFT unit would be reduced by that amount. Accordingly, the cost base of John's securities would be:

- **\$10** (as above) for SPAND shares
- **\$0** (as above) for SPANT shares
- **\$4,757** $(\$1.2475 \text{ less } \$0.05829) \times 4,000$ SPANFT units acquired

Step 3: Apportionment of Capital Proceeds

Using the apportionment percentages contained in the NTA table above, the capital proceeds from the sale of John's stapled securities would be allocated as follows:

- **\$538** = $(\$1.40 \times 9.6\% = \$0.1344) \times 4,000$ SPAND shares sold.
- **\$17** = $(\$1.40 \times 0.3\% = \$0.0042) \times 4,000$ SPANT shares sold.
- **\$5,045** = $(\$1.40 \times 90.1\% = \$1.2614) \times 4,000$ SPANFT units sold.

Step 4 : Calculation of capital gain (before applying the CGT discount)

The capital gain made on the disposal of each security is the excess of capital proceeds over the cost base for each security (calculated as follows):

- **\$528** = (\$538 less \$10) for the 4,000 SPAND shares.
- **\$17** = (\$17 less \$0) for the 4,000 SPANT shares.
- **\$288** = (\$5,045 less \$4,757) for the 4,000 SPANFT units.

Step 5 : Application of CGT discount

Having held his stapled securities for more than 12 months, John would be entitled to reduce the capital gains calculated at Step 4 above by 50%. Accordingly, John's assessable capital gain is calculated as follows:

- **\$264** = (\$528 x 50%) for SPAND shares.
- **\$8.50** = (\$17 x 50%) for SPANT shares.
- **\$144** = (\$288 x 50%) for SPANFT units.

[DISCLAIMER] You should not rely on this information as taxation or financial advice as it may not be relevant to your circumstances. You should seek independent advice from a qualified person to determine the taxation consequences applicable to your circumstances.